| PAPER 1 | Reading and 🕨  | Part 1 |
|---------|----------------|--------|
|         | Use of English | Part 2 |
| PAPER 2 | Writing        | Part 3 |
| DADED 7 | 1 întentiue    | Part 4 |
| PAPER 3 | Listening      | Part 5 |
| PAPER 4 | Speaking       | Part 6 |

Part 6 Part 7 For questions 9–16, read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only **one** word in each gap. There is an example at the beginning (0).

Write your answers IN CAPITAL LETTERS on the separate answer sheet.

| Example: 0 T H A T |  | 12 |  |
|--------------------|--|----|--|
|--------------------|--|----|--|

## Vanilla

Vanilla is the seed pod of an orchid flower (0) ....... grows close to the equator. Another name for vanilla is 'black flower', because the pod and beans turn black shortly after (9) ...... picked. Vanilla is used (10) ...... over the world as a flavouring in food, drinks and medicines, as (11) ...... as in many perfumes.

The first people to use vanilla were probably the Totonac Indians in Mexico, and it was taken to Europe in 1520. Only very few people (12) ........ afford it, however, until in 1841 a 12-year-old boy called Edmond Albius discovered that (13) ....... was possible to transfer pollen from flower to flower by hand. After that, growers (14) ....... longer had to rely on bees and other animals to do this, and vanilla was grown (15) ....... far larger quantities. A number of different countries now export it, and Mexico, (16) ....... the vanilla orchid originated, produces only a small percentage of the harvest these days.